दिल्ली समाज कल्याण बोर्ड तथा केन्द्रीय समाज कल्याण बोर्ड द्वारा संस्थाओं को अनुदान

1. **श्री सुनील कुमार पट्टनायक :** क्या प्रधान मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) 1989 के वर्ष के दौरान दिल्ली समाज कल्याण सलाहकार बोर्ड तथा केन्द्रीय समाज कल्याण बोर्ड को विभिन्न कार्यक्रमों के लिए अनुदान हेतु दिल्ली में विभिन्न संस्थाओं से कितने आवेदन पत्र प्राप्त हुए तथा उन संस्थाओं के नाम क्या-क्या हैं तथा वे कहां-कहां स्थित हैं;

(ख) प्रत्येक संस्था द्वारा कितने आवेदन पत्र भेजे गये तथा उन आवेदन पत्रों का कार्यक्रम-वार ब्यौरा क्या है;

(ग) विभिन्न कार्यक्रमों के लिए जिन संस्थाओं को अनुदान स्वीकृत किये गये हैं उनके नाम क्या हैं तथा जिनके अनुदान के आवेदन रद्द किये गये हैं उनके नाम क्या हैं; और

(घ) इनमें से प्रत्येक संस्था के लिए अनुदान के आवेदन रद्द किये जाने के क्या कारण हैं तथा क्या सरकार भविष्य में इन संस्थाओं को अनुदान देने का विचार रखती है, यदि हां, तो कब तक और यदि नहीं, तो उसके क्या कारण हैं ?

विज्ञान और प्रौद्योगिकी मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री साथ में मानव संसाधन विकास मंत्रालय में शिक्षा विभाग में राज्य मंत्री का अतिरिक्त प्रभार (प्रो० एम० जी० के० मेनन) : (क) 1989 (1989-90) के दौरान केन्द्रीय समाज कल्याण बोर्ड और दिल्ली समाज कल्याण सलाहकार बोर्ड में प्राप्त आवेदन-पत्रों की संख्या क्रमशः 99 और 283 है। परन्तु केन्द्रीय समाज कल्याण बोर्ड उन्हीं आवेदन-पत्रों पर ही विचार करता है जो राज्य समाज कल्याण सलाहकार बोर्डों के माध्यम से प्राप्त होते हैं। संस्थाओं के नाम और उनके पते संलग्न विवरण में दिये गये हैं।

(ख) से (घ) सूचना संलग्न विवरण, में दी गई है। (देखिए परिशिष्ट 153 अनुबंध सं. 5)

Killing of Sea Turtles in Orissa

2. SHRI BAIKUNTHA NATH SAHU: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that thousands of oliver ridley sea turtles have come to Bhitarkonika sanctuary in Orissa for laying eggs;

(b) whether it is also a fact that some unscrupulous traders from Orissa and neighbouring States are killing these turtles for making money; and

(c) if so, what steps are being taken by Government to save these rare species?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS WITH ADDITIONAL CHARGE OF THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION (SHRIMATI MANEKA GANDHI): (a) Government of Orissa have reported that Oliver Ridley sea turtles have come and are still coming to Gahirmata to lay eggs; this is inside Bhitarkonika Wildlife Sanctuary.

(b) State Government has reported that there are sporadic cases of killing of these turtles by unscrupulous traders coming from West Bengal and Andhra Pradesh.

(c) The steps taken by the Government to save the Olive Ridley sea turtles include:—

(i) The Olive Ridley Turtles has been placed in Schedule I of the Wild Life (Protection) Act, 1972, thus giving it maximum protection under the law.

(ii) State Government has deployed protection staff in the area visited by the turtles to ensure that they are not disturbed.

(iii) The Coast Guard has been maintaining a special vigil in the area to ensure that no poaching of sea turtles takes place.

(iv) Fishing within 5 Kms. of the sea-shore and shallow waters has been restricted by the State Government during the period of mass nesting of the sea turtles.

(v) Central assistance has been made available to the State Government of Orissa for the development of the Bhitarkonika Sanctuary and for the captive breeding of sea turtles.

Exploration of Atomic Minerals in Sea-bed in Orissa

3. SHRI SUBAS MOHANTY: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether any atomic minerals have been found in sea-bed in Orissa;

(b) if so, whether any exploration have been conducted; and

(c) if so, the results thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY WITH ADDITIONAL CHARGE OF THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION IN THE MINISTRY OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (PROF. M. G. K. MENON): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) and (c) Detailed investigations were carried out over an area of 69 sq. kms. during 1988-89, and 1062 sq. kms. during January, 1990 off Gopalpur Coast, Orissa, in collaboration with Marine Geology Wing of the Geological survey of India, in near-shore areas. It has been found that the near-shore sandy sediments, at depths of 11 m to 22.5 m isobaths between Gopalpur and Chattarpur, Orissa, contain heavy minerals like Ilmenite, Sillimanite Carnet, Zircon, Rutile, Monazite, Epidote etc. A few sand bodies have been identified with total heavy mineral content varying from 3.5—14 per cet by weight as indicated by the analysis of the samples.

Education of women in rural and Adivasi areas

4. SHRI SUBAS MOHANTY: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have chalked out any new plan for the education of women in the rural and adivasi areas;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof; and

(c) the details of directives issued to State Governments in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY WITH ADDITIONAL CHARGE OF THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION IN THE MINISTRY OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (PROF. M. G. K. MENON): (a) to (c) The National Policy on Education lays special emphasis on removal of disparities in acc ess to educational opportunities suffered by women. Some of the recent strategies initiated to promote women's education throughout the country, with emphasis on women in rural and tribal areas, include the following:—

(i) *Mahila Samakhya*: The basic thrust of this programme is to create a mechanism whereby women are given an oppor-